

**Australian  
Bureau of  
Statistics**

# **TASMANIAN**

## **STATISTICAL INDICATORS**

June 1994





# **TASMANIAN**

# **STATISTICAL INDICATORS**

**June 1994**

William P. McReynolds  
Deputy Commonwealth Statistician and  
Statistician of the State of Tasmania

Australian Bureau of Statistics  
Catalogue No 1303.6



# CONTENTS

	<i>Page</i>
<b>Commentary</b> . . . . .	i
Tasmanian Supplementary Survey . . . . .	v

## Table

<b>Population and vital statistics</b>	
1	Population . . . . . 1
2	Births, deaths and marriages registered . . . . . 1
<b>Employment and unemployment</b>	
3	Labour force status — seasonally adjusted and trend series . . . . . 2
4	Labour force status by region and Tasmania, males . . . . . 3
5	Labour force status by region and Tasmania, females . . . . . 4
6	Labour force status by region and Tasmania, persons . . . . . 5
7	Teenage labour market . . . . . 6
8	Employed persons by occupation . . . . . 7
9	Employed wage and salary earners, sector and industry . . . . . 8
10	Average hours worked . . . . . 9
11	Job vacancies . . . . . 9
12	Industrial disputes . . . . . 9
<b>Wages and prices</b>	
13	Average weekly earnings of employees . . . . . 10
14	Award rates of pay indexes . . . . . 10
15	Summary of annual movements in wages and prices . . . . . 11
16	Consumer price index: house price index numbers . . . . . 11
17	Consumer price index . . . . . 12
18	Price index of materials used in building other than house building . . . . . 13, 14
<b>Production</b>	
19	Miscellaneous indicators of production (production of selected commodities) . . . . . 15
20	Livestock slaughtering, numbers . . . . . 16
21	Livestock slaughtering—seasonally adjusted and trend series . . . . . 16
22	Meat production, Tasmania . . . . . 17
23	Principal mineral concentrates produced . . . . . 17
24	Sawmills and plywood mills: logs delivered and timber produced . . . . . 18
25	Chipping and grinding of wood . . . . . 18
26	Logs delivered for milling or chipping . . . . . 18
<b>Building</b>	
27	Building approvals . . . . . 19
28	Dwelling commencements . . . . . 19
<b>Finance</b>	
29	Banking statistics . . . . . 20
30	Private new capital expenditure by type of asset . . . . . 20
<b>Tourism</b>	
31	Passenger arrivals and departures . . . . . 21
32	Passenger arrivals by air and sea into Tasmania . . . . . 21
33	Accommodation statistics . . . . . 22
<b>Transport and trade</b>	
34	Registrations of new motor vehicles . . . . . 23
35	Turnover of retail establishments at current prices . . . . . 23
<b>Major Statistical Indicators</b>	
36	Australian and State figures . . . . . 24

## ENQUIRIES

For further information, contact the Information Officer on (002) 20 5800 or write to the Deputy Commonwealth Statistician, GPO Box 66A, Hobart, 7001 (1st floor, 175 Collins Street, Hobart).

## Publications issued by the Tasmanian Office during May 1994

<i>Catalogue number</i>	<i>Publication</i>	<i>Date of release</i>
8731.6	Building Approvals, Tasmania, March 1994	12/5/94
8741.6	Dwelling Unit Commencements, Tasmania, February 1994	6/5/94
9303.6	Motor Vehicle Registrations, Tasmania, March 1994	5/5/94
1303.6	Statistical Indicators, Tasmania, May 1994	23/5/94

## Symbols and other usages

The following standard symbols are used in publications of the Tasmanian Office of the Bureau:

ASIC	Australian Standard Industrial Classification
M	males
F	females
P	persons
n.a.	not available
n.e.c.	not elsewhere classified
n.e.i.	not elsewhere included
n.p.	not available for separate publication, but included in totals where applicable
n.y.a.	not yet available
p	preliminary — figure or series subject to revision
r	figure or series revised since previous issue
s	subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes
..	not applicable
—	nil or rounded to zero
—	break in continuity of series (where a line is drawn between two consecutive figures in the same column, or alongside two or more figures in consecutive columns)
- (M)	Municipality
(C)	City

Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

Values are shown in Australian currency.

# Commentary

## Employment

The Australian and State trend series comparisons, shown on page 25, indicate that there was an increase of 2.2 per cent in Tasmania's employment over the year to April 1994. The other Australian States also showed a trend series increase in employment over this 12-month period. The largest percentage increase in employment was in Western Australia (3.8 per cent). The next highest increase in employment was in Queensland (3.7 per cent), followed by NSW (3.6 per cent), Victoria (1.5 per cent), and South Australia (0.1 per cent).

Compared with April 1993, regional estimates of unadjusted employment in April 1994 showed an increase of 8100 to 99 100 in the Hobart and Southern Statistical Division. Employment in the Northern Statistical Division decreased by 200 to 53 600 compared with the figure in April 1993. Employment in the Mersey-Lyell Statistical Division decreased by 3400 to 41 200 in the 12 months to April 1994.

*(See tables 3-8, pages 2-7.)*

## Unemployment

The Tasmanian trend series estimate of 25 800 unemployed persons in April 1994 was a decrease of 1200 on the figure for April 1993 of 27 000. The provisional trend series estimate of the unemployment rate of 11.7 per cent in April 1994 was a decrease in the trend series estimate of the unemployment rate of 12.4 per cent in April 1993.

*(See tables 3-8, pages 2-7.)*

## The Labour Force

In April 1994 there was an unadjusted estimate of 365 900 civilian Tasmanians aged 15 or more. There were an estimated 221 100 persons (based on trend series estimates) in the labour force. The trend series estimate of the labour force participation rate in April 1994 was 60.4 per cent, compared with the figure of 60.0 per cent in April 1993.

For males, the trend series estimate of participation rate was 72.2 per cent, compared with 71.4 per cent for April 1993. For females, the trend series participation rate was 49.1 per cent (compared with 48.9 per cent in April 1993).

*(See table 3, page 2.)*

## Employed Wage and Salary Earners

In December 1993 there were approximately 147 900 employed wage and salary earners in Tasmania. This was the same figure recorded for December 1991.

In November 1993 the Tasmanian public sector accounted for 31.9 per cent of all employed wage and salary earners. Overall, the category Community services had the highest industry representation — 30.6 per cent — compared with the equivalent figure of 26.3 per cent recorded in November 1991. The next highest industry grouping Wholesale trade and Retail trade (21.1 per cent, compared with 18.3 per cent in November 1991) and Manufacturing (12.7 per cent, compared with 16.0 per cent in November 1991).

In November 1993, women made up 48.0 per cent of employed wage and salary earners. In November 1991, the equivalent figure was 44.4 per cent.

(See table 9, page 8.)

### **Award Rates of Pay Indexes**

The annual movement from March 1993 to March 1994 of weekly award rates of pay indexes for Tasmania rose by 0.9 per cent for full-time adult females and by 2.0 per cent for full-time adult males. For Australia, the figures were 1.2 per cent for females and 1.0 per cent for males.

For full-time adult female employees in Tasmania, the largest industry increases over this 12-month period occurred in Manufacturing; Wholesale and retail trade; Public administration and defence; and Recreation, personal and other services (all 2.3 per cent).

For the same period for full-time adult male employees in Tasmania, the largest industry increases occurred in Public administration and defence (11.5); and Recreation, personal and other services (2.3 per cent).

The largest occupation increases over the same period for full-time adult female employees occurred in Plant and machine operators, and drivers (2.4 per cent); and Tradespersons (1.8 per cent).

For full-time adult male employees the largest occupation increases over the period occurred in Labourers and related workers (3.8 per cent); and Plant and machine operators, and drivers (3.0 per cent).

(See table 14, page 10.)

### **Housing Finance**

During February 1994 there were 1250 new secured housing finance commitments, valued at \$70.7 million, entered into in Tasmania. This represented a 2.1 per cent increase on the number (1224) and a 1.6 per cent increase on the value (\$69.6 million) for January 1994.

These figures also represent a 35.0 percent increase on the number (926) and a 38.6 per cent increase on the value (\$1.0 million) for February 1993.

*Housing Finance for Owner Occupation, ABS Catalogue No. 5609.0, released on 21 April 1994, \$11.00*

### **Livestock Slaughtering**

The trend (this takes account of seasonal variations) for all categories of slaughtering for meat production is down. For cattle and calves the trend series shows just over 16 600 slaughtered during April 1994. In this trend series, a peak occurred in October 1993 with over 18 400 slaughtered. The previous peak occurred in February 1992 when nearly 20 100 cattle were slaughtered. The current level for cattle and calves is 1.6 per cent below the trend level for April 1993.

The most recent peak in the trend series for sheep and lamb slaughterings was in August 1993 with over 84 800 being slaughtered. In 1987, and early 1988, levels were frequently over the 100 000 mark. During April the trend shows nearly 73 700 sheep and lambs were slaughtered, 1.6 per cent lower than April 1993.

At nearly 8100, the number of pigs slaughtered peaked in January 1994. The trend for April 1994 was just over 7700, slightly down on the figure for the same time a year ago.

(See table 21, page 16.)



### **Building Approvals**

There were 330 new dwelling units approved during March 1994 in Tasmania, a decrease of four per cent on the number recorded for February 1994, and a 16 per cent decrease on the figure for March 1993 (391). For the 12-month period ended March 1994 there were 4224 new dwelling units approved, three per cent higher than the 4095 units recorded for the previous corresponding 12-month period. The latest monthly trend estimates for the number of dwelling units approved show a decrease over the past five months. The value of new residential building approved, at current prices, for March 1994 was \$25.5 million, compared with \$23.8 million in February 1994 and \$26.6 million in March 1993. The value of all buildings approved, at current prices, for March 1994 was \$36.3 million, compared with \$32.7 million in February 1994 and \$39.0 million in March 1993.

*(See table 27, page 19.)*

### **Retail**

The trend estimate for turnover of retail and service establishments for March 1994, in Tasmania, was \$216.5 million, the same figure as for February 1994, and an increase of more than four per cent on the March 1993 figure of \$206.8 million. Growth in the estimate has been weak over recent months. The estimate of turnover for March 1994, for Australia (\$8615.9 million), was more than six per cent higher than for March 1993. The estimate indicates a continued strengthening of growth. Since October 1993 the monthly growth rate has been between 0.6 and 0.8 per cent. In original terms, the estimate of retail turnover in March 1994, for Tasmania, was \$217.7 million, over 10 per cent more than the figure recorded for February 1994 and more than nine per cent greater than the figure recorded for March 1993.

*(See table 35, page 23.)*

### **New Motor Vehicle Registrations**

There were 806 new motor vehicles (excluding motorcycles) registered in Tasmania during March 1994. This was 17 per cent less than for March (967) and a decrease of nearly 13 per cent on the number registered for April 1993. Registrations for the twelve months ended April 1994 (12 443) were slightly less than for the twelve months ended February 1993 (12 454).

*(See table 34, page 23.)*



## Tasmanian Supplementary Survey

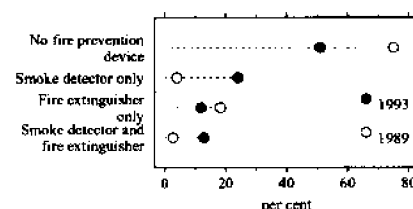
### Volunteering, Emergency Services and Crime

In October 1993, the ABS conducted a survey for the Tasmanian Government, covering the topics of Volunteering, Emergency Services and Crime in Tasmania.

The survey collected information about community awareness of emergency services and perceptions of crime and the police. It also sought to assess the nature and extent of volunteer participation throughout the community, both through organisations and/or independent of organisations. A similar survey (excluding the volunteering component) was conducted in Tasmania in 1989.

**EMERGENCY SERVICES:** In 1993, just over half (50.9 per cent) of households in Tasmania indicated that they had no fire prevention devices installed in their households. This represents a significant improvement on the estimated proportion of households (74.9 per cent) with no fire prevention devices at the time of the 1989 survey. When questioned about major hazards posing a threat, the greatest proportion of persons in 1993 indicated traffic accidents (53.6 per cent). When asked the same question in 1989, the greatest proportion of persons (43.4 per cent) indicated environmental problems (e.g. ozone depletion, soil degradation etc.) to be a major hazard.

HOUSEHOLDS: EXISTENCE OF FIRE PREVENTION DEVICES, TASMANIA, OCTOBER 1989 AND 1993



**VOLUNTEERING:** In the twelve month period to October 1993, there were about 117 000 persons in Tasmania who were involved in some form of volunteering activity. Of all volunteers, about 47 per cent were males and 53 per cent were females. Just under half of all volunteers were employed full-time (43 per cent), with about one third not in the labour force (32.5 per cent).

About 88 per cent of all volunteers had done some type of formal volunteer work in the period twelve months to October 1993. Formal volunteers contributed almost 11 million hours of service in the survey period. The greatest proportion of formal volunteers were involved in sport (27.1 per cent), followed by education (17.1 per cent) and community service (16.9 per cent).

Formal volunteers who worked in religious organisations recorded the highest number of average hours worked for individuals in organisations (163.7 hours for the 12-month period). This was followed by Sport (116.7 hours) and Health/Welfare (112.6 hours).

Of all volunteers, about a quarter had done some form of informal volunteer work in the survey period. Informal volunteers contributed over 3 million hours of service. Of the activities undertaken by informal volunteers, the greatest proportion was involved in gardening/maintenance (31.2 per cent), followed by visiting aged/disabled (20.4 per cent) and minding children (19 per cent).

Of all the activities, minding children accounted for the highest number of average hours provided by each informal volunteer (166.9 hours). This was followed by housework (146.5 hours) and shopping (126.4 hours).

**CRIME:** Of the persons in Tasmania who considered crime was a problem in 1993, the greatest proportion considered that theft/burglary to be of concern (91.3 per cent). In 1989, 78.7 per cent believed that theft/burglary was of major concern.

For each of the crimes (except theft/burglary), the proportion of people who indicated concern was lower in the 1993 survey than that conducted in 1989. Further major concerns identified by the 1993 survey included physical assault (24.2 per cent), drug usage (18.9 per cent) and vandalism (17.2 per cent).

Not all the information from this survey has been presented here. For further results or information, please contact the Manager of Statistical Services on (002) 20 5828.

# Tasmanian Supplementary Survey

Table i. Volunteers (a): Labour force status,  
Tasmania

	Males		Females		Persons	
	('000)	per cent	('000)	per cent	('000)	per cent
Employment full-time	36.5	66.7	13.8	22.2	50.3	43.0
Employed part-time	3.8	6.9	17.5	28.0	21.2	18.2
Unemployed	4.4	8.0	3.1	5.0	7.4	6.4
Not in labour force	10.0	18.4	28.0	44.9	38.0	32.5
Total	54.7	100.0	62.3	100.0	117.0	100.0

(a) Volunteer status relates to the 12-month period to October 1993. Labour force status relates to the survey week in October 1993.

Table ii. Formal volunteers: Type of voluntary organisation, Tasmania, 12 months to October 1993

	Males		Females		Persons		Total hours provided ('000 h)	Average hours provided
	('000)	per cent	('000)	per cent	('000)	per cent		
Education	5.1	10.5	12.5	23.0	17.6	17.1	1 368.1	77.8
Sport	17.6	36.2	10.3	19.0	27.9	27.1	3 259.9	116.7
Emergency Service	4.6	9.5	1.3	2.3	5.9	5.7	424.7	71.9
Recreation	4.1	8.4	4.2	7.8	8.3	8.1	884.5	106.3
Health/welfare	2.9	6.0	9.9	18.2	12.8	12.4	1 441.4	112.6
Religion	3.2	6.5	5.7	10.5	8.9	8.6	1 452.2	163.7
Community Service	8.8	18.1	8.6	15.9	17.4	16.9	1 498.2	85.9
Other	2.2	4.6	1.8	3.4	4.1	4.0	503.2	123.3
Total	48.6	100.0	54.3	100.0	102.9	100.0	10 832.2	105.2

Table iii. Informal volunteers: Type of activity, Tasmania, 12 months to October 1993

	Males		Females		Persons		Total hours provided ('000 h)	Average hours provided
	('000)	per cent	('000)	per cent	('000)	per cent		
Housework	**0.1	**1.1	2.7	16.2	2.8	9.8	416.3	146.5
Gardening/maintenance	7.4	59.6	1.7	9.9	9.1	31.2	892.0	98.3
Transporting	2.2	17.4	2.9	17.5	5.1	17.5	635.0	124.8
Shopping	**0.2	**1.3	2.3	13.6	2.4	8.3	307.3	126.4
Minding children	*0.4	*3.5	5.1	30.6	5.5	19.0	923.9	166.9
Visiting aged/disabled	1.3	10.5	4.6	27.7	5.9	20.4	690.2	116.4
Visiting sick	**0.3	**2.1	2.8	16.6	3.0	10.4	299.7	98.8
Other	2.8	22.5	2.7	16.0	5.5	18.8	580.2	106.0
Total	12.5	100.0	16.7	100.0	29.1	100.0	3 167.7	108.5

\*\*Subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes. \*Subject to sampling variability between 25 per cent and 50 per cent.

Note: The individual activities undertaken by informal volunteers will not add up to the totals because some volunteers reported more than one activity. The total figures relate to the total number of informal volunteers. The percentage columns also relate to the total number of informal volunteers, and therefore will add up to more than 100 per cent.

## Glossary for Volunteering Tables

### Definitions

**Volunteers:** individuals who freely contributed their services without remuneration (other than the reimbursement of expenses incurred while working) to a variety of community activities. The voluntary services could have been provided through organisations and/or independent of organisations.

**Formal volunteers** (volunteers through organisations): includes persons who gave unpaid service to the community through any formal organisation. This does not include trade union organisations, political parties or family businesses. Only the main organisation that people volunteered through was recorded.

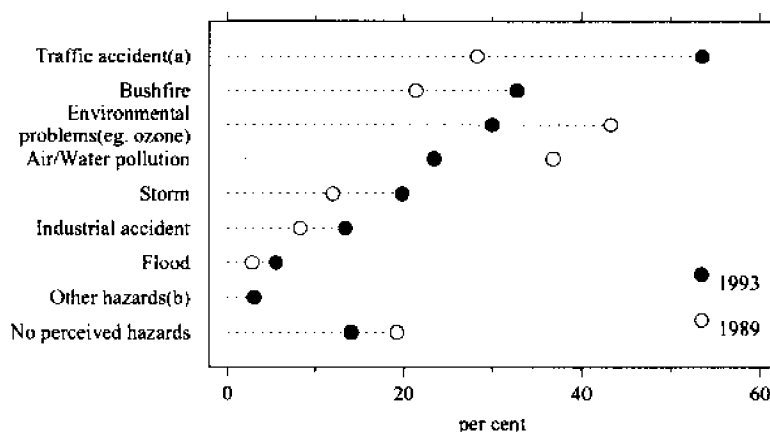
**Informal volunteers** (volunteers independent of organisations): includes persons who gave regular unpaid service to friends, neighbours and others in the community. This does not include regular help given to family members, even if they were not living in the same household.

Table iv. Perceptions of crimes which constituted a problem/major concern, Tasmania (per cent population) (a)

<i>Crime</i>	<i>1989</i>	<i>1993</i>
Theft/burglary	78.7	91.3
Physical assault	29.6	24.2
Drug usage	25.7	18.9
Vandalism	24.8	17.2
Armed robbery	n.a.	10.6
Dangerous/drink driving	27.6	9.8
Domestic violence	n.a.	9.2
Sexual assault	17.2	9.0
Child abuse	8.5	7.5
Other types	9.1	6.4
White collar crime	2.5	2.2
Murder	5.7	n.a.

(a) In 1989 the population comprised those who believed that "crime was of major concern in Tasmania" while in 1993 the population comprised those who considered "crime was a problem".

PERSONS: HAZARDS POSING A THREAT,  
TASMANIA, OCTOBER 1989 AND 1993



(a) The 1989 survey was restricted to opinions about 'major' traffic accidents (eg. chemical spill). (b) No details of other hazards were collected in the 1989 survey.



## Population and Vital Statistics

Table 1. Population, Tasmania

<i>Year or quarter</i>	<i>Estimated resident population at end of period</i>	<i>Natural increase (a)</i>	<i>Net estimated migration gain</i>	<i>Total population growth</i>	<i>Annual growth rate (b)</i>
	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	(%)
Year ended 30 June —					
1990	462.2	3.4	3.6	6.9	1.52
1991	466.8	3.3	1.2	4.6	1.00
1992 p	469.8	3.2	- 0.1	3.0	0.65
1993 p	471.7	3.1	- 1.2	1.9	0.40
Quarter					
1990 —					
September	463.5	0.7	0.6	1.3	1.45
1992 —					
September p	470.1	0.6	- 0.3	0.3	0.56
December p	470.9	0.8	0.0	0.8	0.52
1993 —					
March p	471.5	0.9	- 0.2	0.6	0.46
June p	471.7	0.9	- 0.6	0.2	0.40
September	472.2	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.44

(a) Excess of live births registered over deaths registered (based on usual State of residence). (b) Percentage growth from same quarter in previous year.

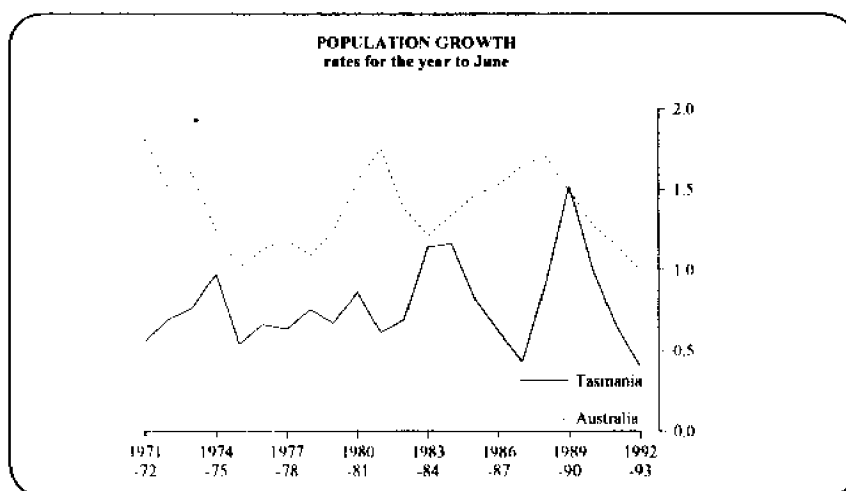


Table 2. Births, deaths and marriages registered, Tasmania

<i>Year or quarter</i>	<i>Births</i>		<i>Deaths</i>		<i>Infant mortality (a)</i>		<i>Marriages</i>	
	<i>Number</i>	<i>Rate (b)</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Rate (b)</i>	<i>Deaths</i>	<i>Rate (c)</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Rate (b)</i>
Year ended								
31 December —								
1989	6 813	14.96	3 690	8.10	72	10.6	3 111	6.83
1990	7 043	15.25	3 713	8.04	63	8.9	3 026	6.55
1991	6 857	14.69	3 666	7.86	59	8.6	3 069	6.58
1992	6 956	14.81	3 722	7.92	42	6.0	3 081	6.56
1993 p	6 795	n.a.	3 620	n.a.	35	5.2	3 055	n.a.
Quarter								
1990 —								
December	1 744	..	911	..	11	6.3	737	..
1992 —								
December	1 686	..	870	..	13	7.7	820	..
1993 —								
March	1 715	..	864	..	11	6.4	1 041	..
June	1 733	..	883	..	9	5.2	797	..
September	1 686	..	993	..	10	5.8	431	..
December p	1 661	..	880	..	5	3.0	786	..

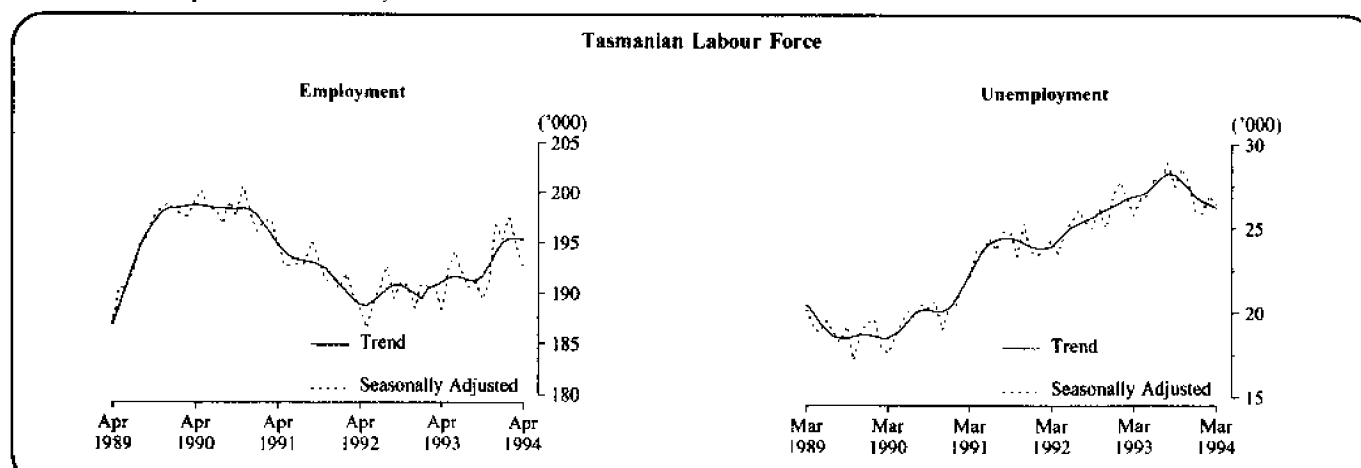
(a) Registered deaths of children under one year of age. (b) Rate per 1000 of estimated mean population. (c) Rate per 1000 live births.

# Employment and Unemployment

Table 3. Labour force status, Tasmania (a): Seasonally adjusted and trend series

Month	Seasonally adjusted series				Trend series (b)			
	Employed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unem- ployed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unemploy- ment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)	Employed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unem- ployed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unemploy- ment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)
<b>MALES</b>								
1993 -								
April	108.2	17.4	13.9	70.4	110.0	17.5	13.7	71.4
May	110.8	17.2	13.4	71.6	109.9	17.5	13.7	71.3
June	109.9	17.7	13.9	71.3	109.7	17.6	13.8	71.2
July	109.8	18.1	14.1	71.5	109.5	17.7	13.9	71.1
August	109.0	18.2	14.3	71.0	109.5	17.7	13.9	71.0
September	109.8	16.6	13.2	70.6	109.7	17.6	13.8	71.1
October	110.1	18.0	14.1	71.5	110.2	17.5	13.7	71.2
November	109.0	17.8	14.1	70.7	110.9	17.4	13.5	71.5
December	113.4	16.6	12.8	72.4	111.6	17.3	13.4	71.8
1994 -								
January	112.3	16.9	13.1	71.9	112.1	17.4	13.4	72.1
February	113.3	17.9	13.6	73.0	112.4	17.4	13.4	72.2
March	112.2	18.0	13.9	72.4	112.5	17.4	13.4	72.2
April	111.2	16.8	13.1	71.2	112.4	17.3	13.3	72.2
<b>FEMALES</b>								
1993 -								
April	79.8	9.4	10.5	48.2	81.1	9.4	10.4	48.9
May	81.6	9.8	10.8	49.4	81.7	9.7	10.6	49.3
June	84.3	10.3	10.9	51.0	82.0	10.0	10.9	49.7
July	82.3	9.8	10.7	49.7	82.0	10.4	11.2	49.8
August	81.6	10.8	11.7	49.8	81.8	10.5	11.4	49.8
September	81.3	10.9	11.8	49.7	81.5	10.5	11.5	49.6
October	79.3	10.5	11.7	48.4	81.5	10.3	11.3	49.5
November	82.2	9.9	10.8	49.6	81.9	10.0	10.9	49.5
December	83.4	9.4	10.1	49.9	82.4	9.6	10.4	49.5
1994 -								
January	83.0	9.0	9.8	49.5	82.8	9.2	10.0	49.5
February	84.2	9.1	9.8	50.2	83.0	8.9	9.7	49.4
March	82.4	8.4	9.2	48.8	83.0	8.7	9.5	49.2
April	81.5	8.7	9.6	48.4	82.8	8.5	9.3	49.1
<b>TOTAL</b>								
1993 -								
April	188.1	26.8	12.5	59.1	191.1	27.0	12.4	60.0
May	192.4	27.0	12.3	60.3	191.5	27.2	12.4	60.1
June	194.1	27.9	12.6	61.0	191.7	27.6	12.6	60.2
July	192.1	27.9	12.7	60.4	191.5	28.0	12.8	60.3
August	190.6	28.9	13.2	60.2	191.3	28.3	12.9	60.2
September	191.1	27.5	12.6	60.0	191.2	28.2	12.8	60.2
October	189.3	28.6	13.1	59.7	191.7	27.8	12.7	60.2
November	191.2	27.8	12.7	60.0	192.8	27.4	12.4	60.3
December	196.8	26.0	11.7	61.0	194.0	26.9	12.2	60.5
1994 -								
January	195.3	25.9	11.7	60.5	195.0	26.6	12.0	60.6
February	197.5	27.0	12.0	61.4	195.4	26.3	11.9	60.6
March	194.6	26.4	11.9	60.4	195.4	26.0	11.8	60.5
April	192.6	25.4	11.7	59.6	195.3	25.8	11.7	60.4

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No.6203.0). (b) Trend series revised each month. Users should be aware that the latest observations may be revised substantially.





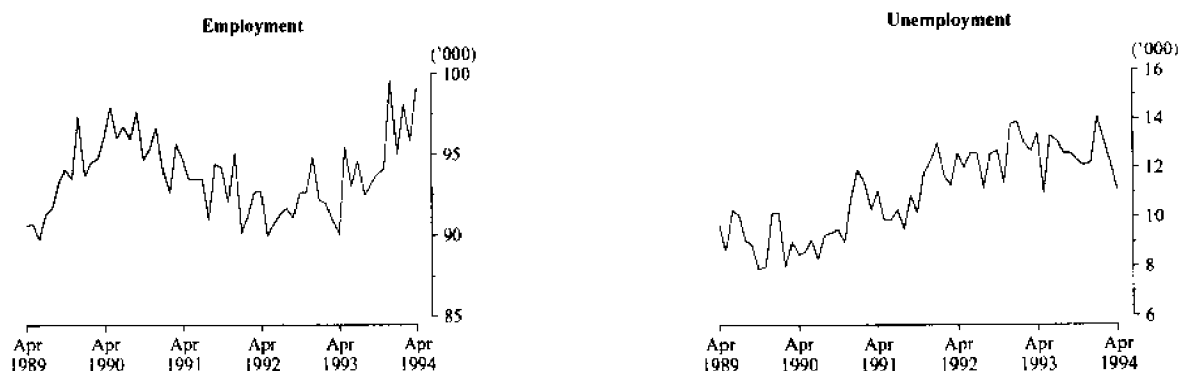
# Employment and Unemployment

Table 4. Labour force status, by region and Tasmania, males (a) (b)

Table 11 Labour force status, by region and Tasmania, March (a) (b)					
Month		Total employed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Total unemployed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unem- ployment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)
HOBART AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS					
1991 -	April	55.5	6.2	10.1	73.3
1993 -	April	51.3	8.0	13.6	68.4
1994 -	February	54.1	9.0	14.2	72.0
	March	52.8	8.6	14.0	71.3
	April	55.0	6.7	10.8	71.0
NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1991 -	April	32.6	3.9	10.7	75.5
1993 -	April	31.3	4.2	11.7	70.1
1994 -	February	33.8	4.4	11.5	75.0
	March	32.7	4.7	12.6	73.7
	April	31.1	4.5	12.6	70.6
MERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1991 -	April	29.6	3.0	9.3	75.4
1993 -	April	26.9	3.9	12.6	74.2
1994 -	February	25.5	4.6	15.3	73.0
	March	26.9	4.1	13.2	72.2
	April	26.3	4.3	14.1	71.9
TASMANIA					
1991 -	April	117.7	13.2	10.1	74.4
1993 -	April	109.4	16.1	12.8	70.2
1994 -	February	113.4	17.9	13.7	73.1
	March	112.4	17.4	13.4	72.2
	April	112.3	15.5	12.1	71.1

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using this data.

Hobart And Southern Statistical Divisions - Persons



# Employment and Unemployment

Table 5. Labour force status, by region and Tasmania, females (a) (b)

Month	Total		Unem- ployment rate	Partici- pation rate
	employed	unemployed		
	('000)	('000)	(%)	(%)
HOBART AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS				
1991 - April	40.6	4.9	10.8	51.6
1993 - April	39.8	5.5	12.1	49.9
1994 - February	44.0	4.1	8.6	51.6
March	43.0	3.6	7.7	50.7
April	44.2	4.5	9.2	52.4
NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION				
1991 - April	21.7	2.7	11.0	50.0
1993 - April	22.6	2.5	9.9	46.3
1994 - February	22.5	2.9	11.4	48.4
March	23.4	2.8	10.7	50.0
April	22.5	2.3	9.3	46.8
MERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVISION				
1991 - April	19.5	2.4	11.0	48.4
1993 - April	17.7	1.9	9.9	48.9
1994 - February	16.0	2.7	14.5	46.4
March	16.4	2.2	11.6	44.8
April	15.0	2.4	13.7	43.3
TASMANIA				
1991 - April	81.8	10.0	10.9	50.4
1993 - April	80.0	9.9	11.0	48.6
1994 - February	82.4	9.7	10.6	49.6
March	82.9	8.6	9.4	49.2
April	81.7	9.2	10.1	48.8

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using this data.

Northern Statistical Division - Persons

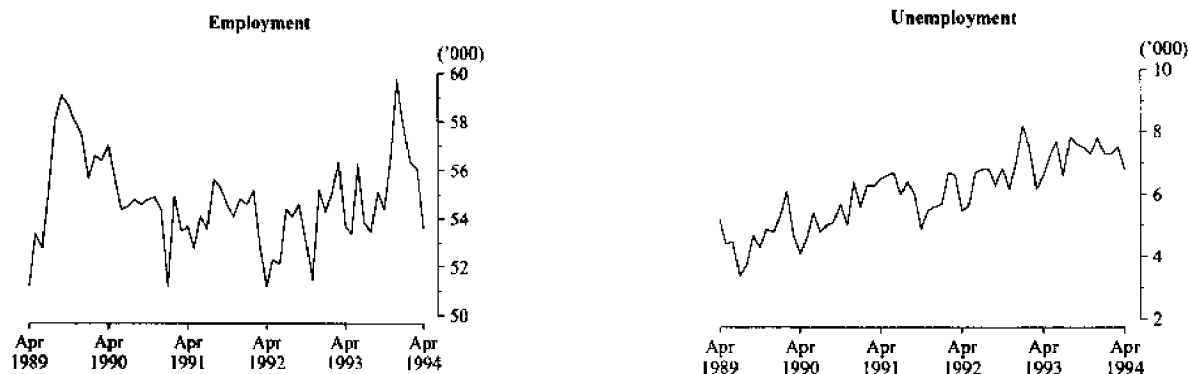
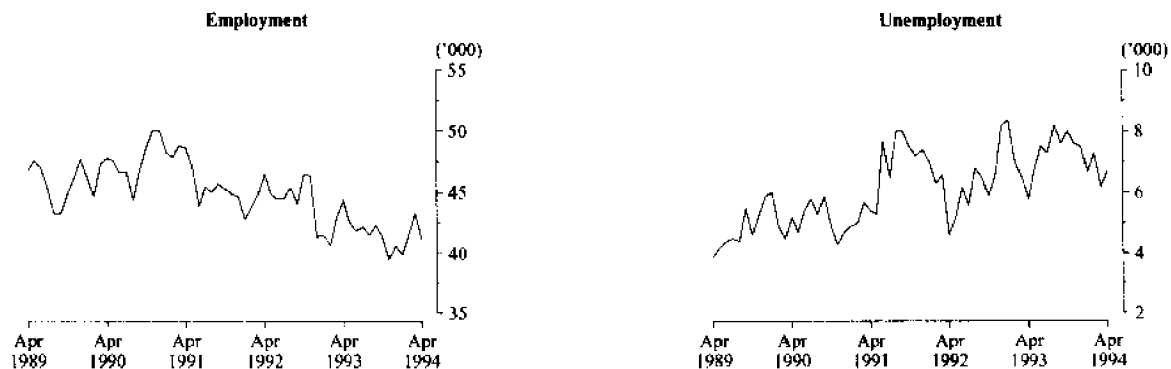


Table 6. Labour force status, by region and Tasmania, persons (a) (b)

Month		Total employed	Total unemployed	Unem- ployment rate	Partici- pation rate
		('000)	('000)	(%)	(%)
HOBART AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS					
1991 -	April	96.1	11.1	10.4	62.2
1993 -	April	91.0	13.5	12.9	58.9
1994 -	February	98.1	13.1	11.8	61.5
	March	95.8	12.2	11.3	60.6
	April	99.1	11.1	10.1	61.4
NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1991 -	April	54.3	6.6	10.8	62.7
1993 -	April	53.8	6.6	11.0	57.8
1994 -	February	56.3	7.3	11.4	61.5
	March	56.1	7.5	11.9	61.6
	April	53.6	6.8	11.3	58.4
MERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1991 -	April	49.1	5.5	10.0	61.6
1993 -	April	44.6	5.8	11.6	61.8
1994 -	February	41.5	7.3	15.0	59.8
	March	43.8	6.2	12.6	58.7
	April	41.2	6.7	14.0	58.0
TASMANIA					
1991 -	April	199.5	23.2	10.4	62.2
1993 -	April	189.4	26.0	12.1	59.2
1994 -	February	195.8	27.7	12.4	61.1
	March	195.2	26.0	11.7	60.5
	April	194.0	24.7	11.3	59.8

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using this data.

**Mersey Lyell Statistical Division - Persons**

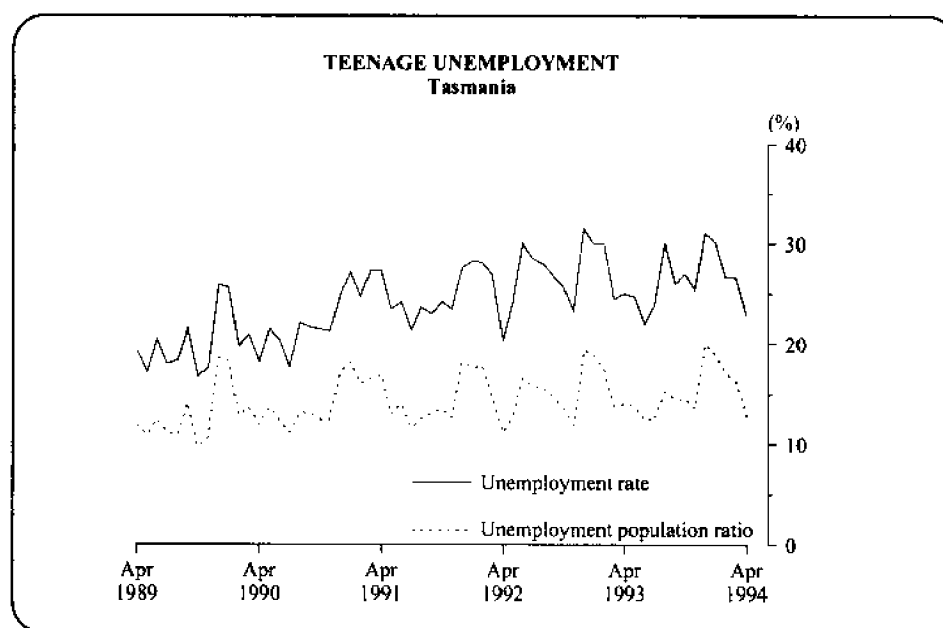


# Employment and Unemployment

Table 7. Teenage labour market (a), Tasmania (b)

Month	Employed		Unemployed		Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15-19	Unem- ployment rate	Unem- ployment population ratio	Partici- pation rate
	Full-time	Total	Looking for full-time work	Total						
	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	(%)	(%)	(%)
ATTENDING NEITHER SCHOOL NOR A TERTIARY INSTITUTION FULL TIME										
1991 - April	10.1	11.3	3.8	4.2	15.5	0.9	16.3	26.9	25.8	94.6
1993 - April	7.2	10.0	3.2	3.2	13.2	1.4	14.6	24.3	21.9	90.2
1994 - February	7.4	9.7	3.8	4.1	13.8	1.5	15.3	29.6	26.8	90.1
March	7.2	10.3	3.7	3.8	14.1	1.1	15.2	26.9	25.0	92.8
April	7.4	9.9	2.7	2.7	12.6	1.4	14.0	21.1	19.3	89.8
ATTENDING SCHOOL OR A TERTIARY INSTITUTION FULL TIME										
1991 - April	0.2	5.1	0.5	2.0	7.2	13.2	20.3	27.8	9.9	35.5
1993 - April	..	4.5	0.5	1.7	6.1	14.0	20.1	27.9	8.5	30.3
1994 - February	1.0	6.7	1.0	1.9	8.5	10.6	19.1	22.4	9.9	44.5
March	..	5.1	0.2	1.8	6.8	12.4	19.2	26.5	9.4	35.4
April	0.1	5.1	0.4	1.8	6.9	13.4	20.3	26.1	8.9	34.0
TOTAL										
1991 - April	10.2	16.4	4.3	6.2	22.6	14.0	36.7	27.3	16.9	61.7
1993 - April	7.2	14.4	3.7	4.9	19.3	15.4	34.7	25.2	14.1	55.6
1994 - February	8.5	16.4	4.9	5.9	22.3	12.1	34.4	26.7	17.2	64.8
March	7.2	15.3	4.0	5.6	20.9	13.5	34.4	26.6	16.3	60.8
April	7.6	15.0	3.1	4.4	19.5	14.9	34.3	22.9	12.8	56.7

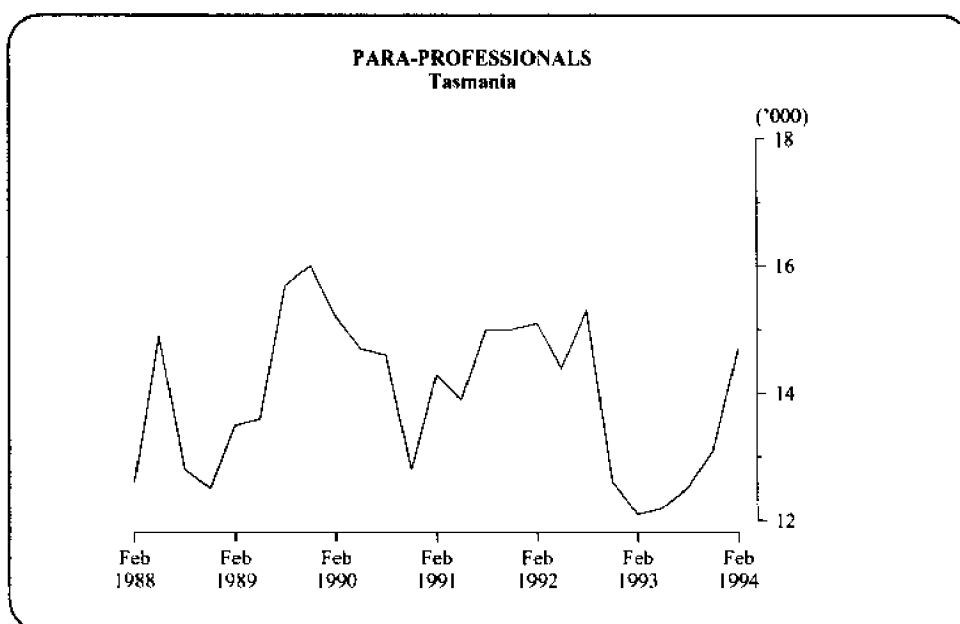
(a) Persons aged 15-19 years. (b) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0).



## Employment and Unemployment

Table 8. All employed persons, occupation, Tasmania (a)

Occupation	February 1993	February 1994			Proportion of total employed	
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Feb 1993	Feb 1994
	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	(%)	(%)
Managers and administrators	19.9	16.7	6.4	23.2	10.5	11.8
Farmers and farm managers	7.3	5.5	2.3	7.9	3.9	4.0
Managing supervisors	5.9	5.1	3.6	8.7	3.1	4.4
Other	6.7	6.1	0.5	6.6	3.5	3.4
Professionals	19.1	11.7	8.8	20.5	10.1	10.5
Building and professional engineers	1.3	2.1	-	2.1	0.7	1.1
Health diagnosis and treatment practitioners	2.6	1.1	1.0	2.2	1.4	1.1
School teachers	5.8	2.0	4.4	6.5	3.1	3.3
Business professionals	3.5	2.5	0.9	3.4	1.9	1.7
Other	5.9	4.0	2.5	6.3	3.1	3.2
Para-professionals	12.2	7.4	7.3	14.7	6.5	7.5
Engineering and building associates and technicians	1.5	1.9	-	1.9	0.8	1.0
Registered nurses	5.0	0.5	5.6	6.1	2.6	3.1
Other	5.7	5.0	1.7	6.7	3.0	3.4
Tradespersons	29.8	26.9	3.5	30.5	15.8	15.6
Metal fitting and machining tradespersons	3.2	1.9	-	1.9	1.7	1.0
Electrical and electronics tradespersons	5.1	4.7	0.1	4.8	2.7	2.5
Building tradespersons	7.2	8.6	0.1	8.7	3.8	4.4
Other	14.3	11.7	3.3	15.1	7.6	7.7
Clerks	31.5	7.8	22.5	30.3	16.7	15.5
Stenographers and typists	5.1	-	4.8	4.8	2.7	2.5
Receptionists, telephonists and messengers	4.4	0.6	3.9	4.5	2.3	2.3
Other	22.0	7.2	13.8	21.0	11.6	10.7
Salespersons and personal service workers	32.5	10.6	19.7	30.3	17.2	15.5
Sales representatives	2.8	1.7	0.9	2.6	1.5	1.3
Sales assistants	14.1	4.7	8.8	13.5	7.5	6.9
Other	15.6	4.2	10.0	14.2	8.2	7.2
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	17.1	13.6	2.2	15.8	9.0	8.1
Road and rail transport drivers	5.5	5.3	0.3	5.6	2.9	2.9
Machine operators	5.3	2.5	1.9	4.4	2.8	2.2
Other	6.3	5.8	-	5.8	3.3	3.0
Labourers and related workers	27.0	18.6	12.0	30.6	14.3	15.6
Trades assistants and factory hands	4.4	3.2	1.7	4.9	2.3	2.5
Agricultural labourers and related workers	4.9	5.9	1.5	7.4	2.6	3.8
Cleaners	6.1	2.2	5.5	7.7	3.2	3.9
Construction and mining labourers	2.3	1.9	-	1.9	1.2	1.0
Other	9.3	5.3	3.3	8.6	4.9	4.4
Total employed	189.1	113.3	82.4	195.9	100.0	100.0

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0).

# Employment and Unemployment

Table 9. Employed wage and salary earners, sector and industry, Tasmania (a)

Industry	Number of employees ('000), November 1993					Percentage distribution	
	Private	Public	Private and public			Nov. 1991	Nov. 1993
			Males	Females	Persons		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	n.a.	0.7	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Mining	2.1	—	2.0	0.1	2.1	1.5	1.4
Manufacturing	18.6	0.1	13.9	4.8	18.7	16.0	12.7
Electricity, gas and water, construction	4.5	4.6	7.6	1.4	9.0	6.8	6.1
Wholesale and retail trade	31.1	—	16.8	14.3	31.1	18.3	21.1
Transport and storage	3.4	1.8	3.7	1.4	5.2	4.4	3.5
Communication	—	2.2	1.6	0.6	2.2	1.6	1.5
Finance, property and business services	10.9	1.0	4.4	7.5	11.9	9.0	8.1
Public administration and defence	—	9.3	5.8	3.6	9.3	7.8	6.3
Community services	18.5 *	26.5	15.5	29.5	45.0	26.3	30.6
Recreation, personal and other services	11.3	0.7	4.7	7.2	11.9	7.8	8.1
Total all industries	100.4	46.8	76.6	70.6	147.2	100.0	100.0

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Employed Wage and Salary Earners, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6248.0).

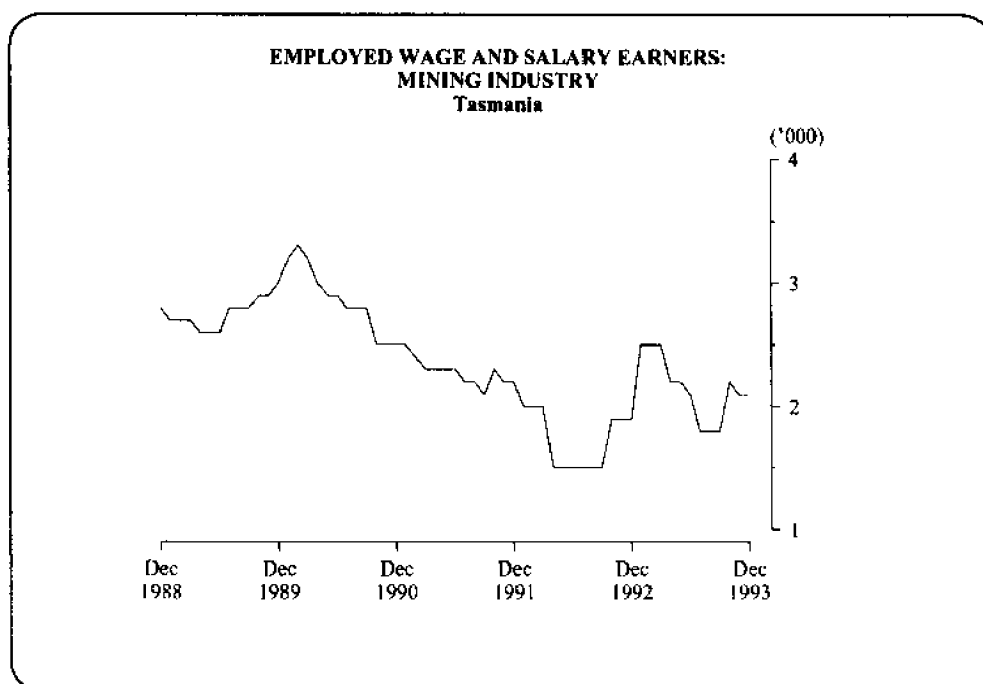
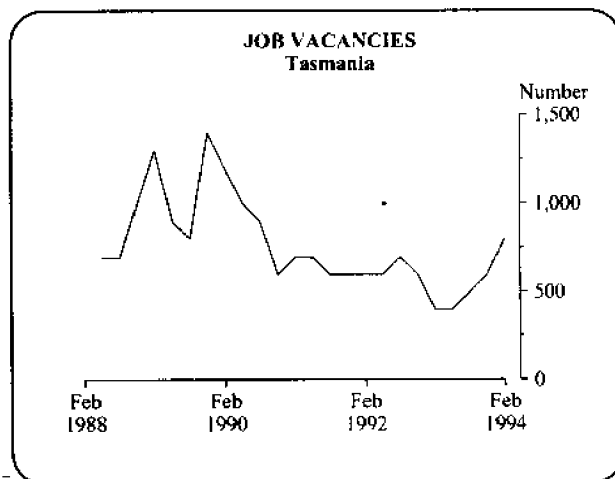


Table 10. Average hours worked, Tasmania

Month	Average weekly total hours worked, all employed persons (a)			Average weekly overtime hours (b)		Percentage of employees working overtime (b)
	Males	Females	Persons	Per employee	Per employee working overtime	
1991 — February	36.9	25.3	32.2	1.2	8.0	15.5
1993 — February	34.9	24.2	30.5	1.1	7.4	14.4
May	39.0	28.1	34.4	1.1	7.3	15.2
August	38.8	27.8	34.1	0.8	6.3	13.2
November	38.2	26.4	33.1	1.0	6.9	14.3
1994 — February	37.6	25.8	32.7	1.0	6.9	14.0

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Job Vacancies and Overtime, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6354.0).

Table 11. Job vacancies,  
Tasmania (a)

Period	Job Vacancies	
	Number	Rate (b) (%)
1991 — February	700	0.5
1993 — February	400	0.3
May	400	0.3
August	500	0.4
November	600	0.4
1994 — February	800	0.6

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts refer to *Job Vacancies and Overtime, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6354.0). (b) Job vacancies are expressed as a percentage of the number of job vacancies divided by the number of employees plus job vacancies.

Table 12. Industrial disputes,  
Tasmania (a)

Month	Working days lost	Twelve months ending	Working days lost per thousand employees
1993 —		1993 —	
April	0	April	230
May	400	May	107
June	500	June	41
July	900	July	47
August	400	August	46
September	500	September	47
October	1 700	October	57
November	0	November	56
December	100	December	29
1994 —		1994 —	
January	0	January	29
February	200	February	29
Twelve months ended 1994 — February	4 600		

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Industrial Disputes, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6321.0).

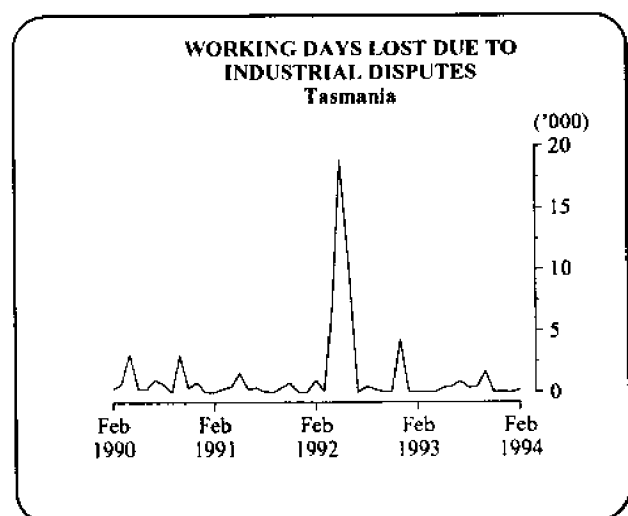


Table 13. Average weekly earnings of employees, Tasmania (a)  
(\$)

Quarter	Survey reference period	Males			Females			Persons		
		Full-time adults		All	Full-time adults		All	Full-time adults		All
		Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings	Weekly total earnings	Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings	Weekly total earnings	Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings	Weekly total earnings
1990 -										
December	16 November	558.00	590.70	545.90	464.70	471.60	354.00	531.60	556.90	468.90
1992 -										
December	20 November	590.40	622.90	554.20	511.60	520.80	380.60	564.60	589.50	474.60
1993 -										
June	21 May	602.70	640.10	576.10	503.70	512.60	379.10	570.60	598.80	486.20
September	20 August	614.80	647.40	585.60	507.10	513.50	381.90	577.30	600.80	489.40
December	19 November	624.40	659.30	599.50	518.90	525.30	391.60	588.30	613.50	501.70

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Average Weekly Earnings, States and Australia* (Catalogue No. 6302.2).

Table 14. Weekly award rates of pay indexes,  
full-time adult employees Tasmania (a)

(Base: June 1985 = 100.0)

Industry	1991	1993	1994		
	Mar	Mar	Jan	Feb	Mar
Mining	132.0	137.7	137.7	137.7	137.7
Manufacturing	135.0	145.0	146.7	146.7	146.7
Electricity, gas and water	130.2	130.9	131.9	131.9	131.9
Construction	137.5	141.3	142.4	142.6	142.6
Wholesale trade	132.6	137.2	137.9	139.9	140.0
Retail trade	130.4	136.5	136.8	139.6	139.6
Transport and storage	133.4	137.9	138.5	138.9	138.9
Communication	132.1	135.4	135.4	135.4	135.4
Finance, property and business services	131.6	137.4	137.5	137.8	137.8
Public admin. and defence	131.5	135.2	147.7	147.7	148.3
Community services	133.4	140.2	140.6	140.6	140.8
Recreation, personal and other services	133.2	146.0	149.3	149.3	149.3
Total all industries	132.9	139.1	141.1	141.4	141.5

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Award Rates of Pay Indexes, Australia* (Catalogue No 6312.0).

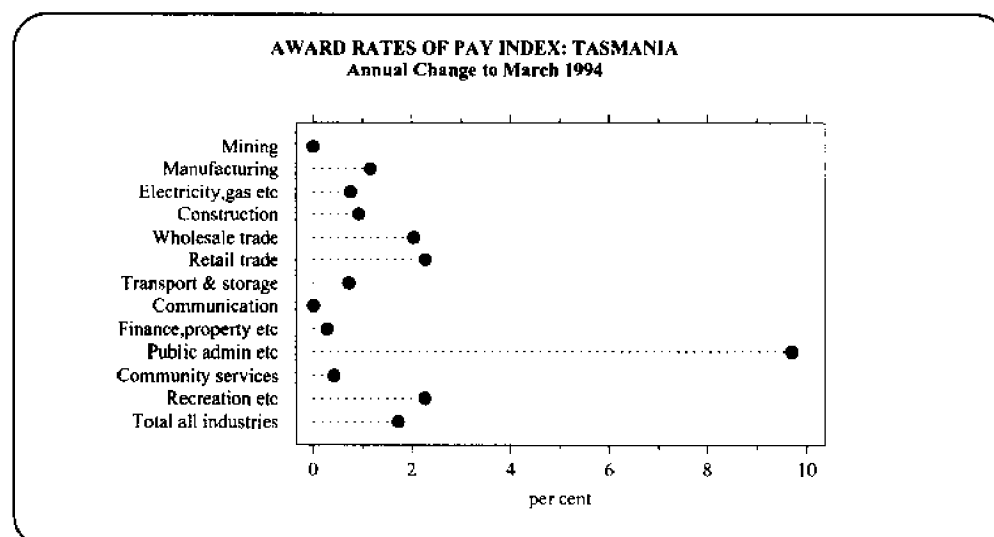
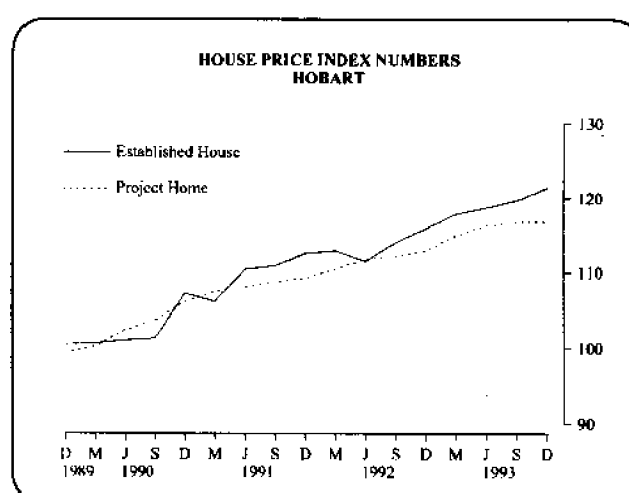
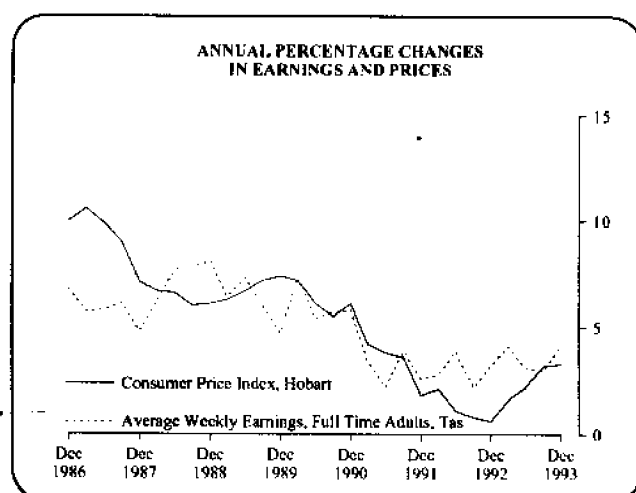




Table 15. Summary of annual movements in wages and prices, Tasmania

<i>Period</i>	<i>Consumer price index, All groups Hobart</i>	<i>Price index of materials used in house building, All groups, Hobart</i>	<i>Price index of materials used in building other than house building, All groups, Hobart</i>	<i>Average weekly total earnings, full-time adult employees</i>	<i>Weekly award rates of pay index, full-time adult employees</i>
Percentage change from previous year					
1991 — March	4.2	3.7	2.7	5.8	5.2
1993 — March	1.6	1.4	0.7	3.2	0.9
1993 — August	..	2.1	2.1	..	r 1.4
September	3.2	2.0	2.4	3.0	r 1.3
October	..	2.1	2.2	..	1.3
November	..	2.5	2.2	..	1.3
December	3.3	p 2.3	p 2.2	4.1	1.3
1994 January	..	p 2.7	p 1.8	..	1.5
February	..	p 2.4	p 1.7	4.4	1.7
March	2.6	p 3.1	p 0.5	..	1.7

Table 16. Consumer price index:  
house price index numbers, Hobart

(Base of each Index: 1989-90 = 100.0)

<i>Period</i>	<i>Established house price index</i>	<i>Project home price index</i>
1990-91	106.3	106.4
1991-92	112.0	110.1
1992-93	116.6	114.1
1990 — December	107.2	106.2
1992 — December	115.9	112.9
1993 — March	117.9	115.0
June	118.7	116.3
September	119.7	116.8
December	121.4	116.9

## Wages and Prices

Table 17. Consumer price index: Hobart &amp; eight capital cities combined (a)

(Base of each index: year 1989-90 = 100.0) (b)

Year or quarter	Hobart					
	Food	Clothing	Housing (c)	Household equipment and operation	Transportation	Tobacco and alcohol
1990-91	103.3	104.5	102.8	105.8	105.4	106.5
1991-92	106.1	105.7	98.8	109.1	106.9	111.5
1992-93	108.2	106.9	94.9	110.3	110.3	115.8
Quarter						
1991 —						
March	104.5	104.9	102.4	106.2	105.2	107.0
1993 —						
March	109.0	107.2	95.3	110.3	110.9	116.9
June	109.1	107.7	95.0	110.4	111.7	119.9
September	110.2	106.9	94.9	111.3	111.6	132.1
December	111.7	106.8	93.4	111.8	112.3	133.4
1994 —						
March	112.6	106.4	93.3	112.2	111.9	134.3
Percentage change between March quarter 1993 and March quarter 1994						
	+ 3.3	- 0.8	- 2.1	+ 1.7	+ 0.9	+ 14.9

Table 17. Consumer price index: Hobart &amp; eight capital cities combined (a) (b)—continued (Base of each index: year 1989-90 = 100.0)

Year or quarter	Hobart				Weighted average of eight capital cities (c)	
	Health and personal care	Recreation and education	All groups		Index	Percentage change over previous period
			Index	Percentage change over previous period		
1990-91	111.5	103.7	104.9	+ 4.9	105.3	+ 5.3
1991-92	122.7	106.1	107.1	+ 2.1	107.3	+ 1.9
1992-93	127.3	108.0	108.5	+ 1.3	108.4	+ 1.0
Quarter						
1991 —						
March	112.7	103.7	105.2	- 0.3	105.8	- 0.2
1993 —						
March	129.1	108.5	109.1	+ 1.0	108.9	+ 0.9
June	129.3	108.2	109.4	+ 0.3	109.3	+ 0.4
September	134.5	108.7	111.0	+ 1.5	109.8	+ 0.5
December	134.5	111.0	111.6	+ 0.5	110.0	+ 0.2
1994 —						
March	137.5	109.7	111.9	+ 0.3	110.4	+ 0.4
Percentage change between March quarter 1993 and March quarter 1994						
	+ 6.5	+ 1.1	+ 2.6	..	+ 1.4	..

(a) Further information on construction of CPI indexes is contained in the bulletin *The Australian Consumer Price Index Concepts, Sources and Methods* (Catalogue No. 6461.0). (b) The CPI is now published on a reference base of 1989-90 = 100.0. (c) Series from and including March 1989 has been affected by the change in treatment of mortgage interest charges.

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building:  
Hobart (Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0) (a)

Year or month	Index numbers for selected major building materials					
	Structural timber	Clay bricks	Ready mixed concrete	Precast concrete products	Steel decking, cladding etc.	Structural steel
1990-91	105.1	105.0	105.1	107.3	102.7	104.7
1991-92	105.5	108.0	109.8	109.6	102.9	109.5
1992-93	108.2	111.9	113.4	109.9	104.2	111.7
1991 —						
March	106.4	105.1	103.3	108.7	101.9	104.9
1993 —						
March	108.1	112.6	115.5	109.9	105.4	111.9
1993 —						
August	112.3	112.8	116.5	110.4	106.0	116.0
September	110.7	112.8	117.6	110.4	106.0	116.0
October	114.5	112.8	117.6	110.4	106.0	116.0
November	114.2	112.8	115.9	110.3	106.0	116.0
December p	114.4	112.8	117.6	110.3	106.0	116.0
1994 —						
January p	114.9	115.5	116.5	110.3	106.0	116.0
February p	114.9	115.5	116.7	110.3	106.0	116.0
March p	119.2	115.5	119.0	110.3	106.0	116.0
Percentage change between March 1993 and March 1994						
	+ 10.3	+2.6	+ 3.0	+ 0.4	+ 0.6	+ 3.7

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building:  
Hobart—continued (Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0) (a)

Year or month	Index numbers for selected major building materials						
	Reinforcing steel bar, fabric and mesh	Aluminium windows	Fabricated steel products (b)	Builders' hardware	Sand and aggregate	Paint and other coatings	Non-ferrous pipes and fittings
1990-91	104.3	97.1	103.7	106.3	106.8	105.1	105.0
1991-92	108.0	98.7	105.2	111.9	123.6	112.3	111.9
1992-93	109.0	97.9	102.1	113.0	125.0	114.7	132.6
1991 —							
March	106.1	99.0	104.5	106.3	107.2	107.5	105.1
1993 —							
March	108.8	97.2	101.2	112.4	125.0	114.1	136.7
1993 —							
August	110.4	101.9	107.7	115.2	129.3	114.0	127.5
September	109.4	101.9	106.8	114.5	129.3	112.6	127.5
October	109.4	101.9	106.8	114.3	129.3	114.6	131.0
November	109.4	101.9	106.8	114.8	129.3	114.6	131.0
December p	109.7	101.9	106.8	114.6	129.3	114.0	131.0
1994 —							
January p	109.2	101.9	105.9	116.1	129.3	114.0	131.0
February p	109.2	103.2	106.1	115.6	129.3	114.0	129.8
March p	108.0	98.6	106.1	117.0	129.3	114.0	129.8
Percentage change between March 1993 and March 1994							
	0.7	+ 1.4	+ 4.8	+ 4.1	+ 3.4	- 0.1	- 5.0

(a) The Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other than House Building is now published on a reference base of 1989-90 = 100.0.

(b) Previously 'Steel windows, doors, louvres and other fabricated steelwork'.

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building:  
Hobart— *continued* (Base year: 1989–90 = 100.0) (a)

Period	Index numbers for special combination of building materials					
	All electrical materials		All mechanical services		All plumbing materials	
	Index	Percentage change over previous period	Index	Percentage change over previous period	Index	Percentage change over previous period
1990–91	103.2	+ 3.2	104.6	+ 4.6	105.3	+ 5.3
1991–92	105.6	+ 2.3	107.5	+ 2.7	108.8	+ 3.3
1992–93	103.3	– 2.2	108.1	+ 0.6	111.4	+ 2.4
1991 —						
March	103.4	+ 0.9	105.2	+ 0.5	105.0	—
1993 —						
March	103.5	—	108.4	+ 0.1	110.9	– 0.2
1993 —						
August	105.3	—	108.0	+ 0.1	110.0	– 0.3
September	105.1	– 0.2	109.6	+ 1.5	110.0	—
October	105.1	—	110.0	+ 0.4	107.9	– 1.9
November	104.8	– 0.3	110.1	+ 0.1	109.0	+ 1.0
December p	103.6	– 1.1	110.0	– 0.1	108.7	– 0.3
1994 —						
January p	104.6	+ 1.0	110.0	—	109.3	+ 0.6
February p	103.4	– 1.1	109.4	– 0.5	107.8	– 1.4
March p	103.2	– 0.2	109.6	+ 0.2	107.8	—
Percentage change between March 1993 and March 1994						
	..	– 0.3	..	+ 1.1	..	– 2.8

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building:  
Hobart— *continued* (Base year: 1989–90 = 100.0) (a)

Period	Index numbers for special combinations of building materials			
	All groups excluding electrical materials and mechanical services		All groups	
	Index	Percentage change over previous period	Index	Percentage change over previous period
1990–91	103.8	+ 3.8	103.9	+ 3.9
1991–92	107.2	+ 3.3	107.1	+ 3.1
1992–93	109.1	+ 1.8	108.2	+ 1.1
1991 —				
March	104.0	—	104.1	+ 0.1
1993 —				
March	109.2	+ 0.1	108.4	+ 0.1
1993 —				
August	111.2	—	110.1	+ 0.1
September	111.3	+ 0.1	110.3	+ 0.2
October	111.1	– 0.2	110.3	—
November	111.0	– 0.1	110.1	– 0.2
December p	111.2	+ 0.2	110.2	+ 0.1
1994 —				
January p	111.3	+ 0.1	110.3	+ 0.1
February p	111.3	—	110.1	– 0.2
March p	109.7	– 1.4	108.9	– 1.1
Percentage change between March 1993 and March 1994				
	..	+ 0.5	..	+ 0.5

(a) The Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other than House Building is now published on a reference base of 1989–90 = 100.0.

Table 19. Miscellaneous indicators of production, Tasmania

Year or month	Dairy products (a)			Staff-hours worked (b)	
	Whole milk (e)	Factory butter (f)	Factory cheese	Textile manufact- uring (g)	Vegetable preserving
	(million litres)	(tonnes)	(tonnes)	('000)	('000)
1990-91	363.3	5 381	19 413	1 423	2 025
1991-92	371.9	5 589	20 022	1 549	2 068
1992-93	412.9	6 287	20 043	1 740	1 915
1991 — March	28.3	442	1 293	129	143
1993 — March	36.8	746	1 401	164	162
1994 — January	54.1	811	2 908	(h) 57	159
February	43.3	900	1 948	133	158
March	39.8	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	150	188

Table 19. Miscellaneous indicators of production, Tasmania — *continued*

Year or month	Ready- mixed concrete (c)	News- print	Refined zinc	Metallurgical refining index (Base:1979-80 =100.0) (d)	Chemical and fertilisers		Elect- ricity	Gas
					Sulphuric acid	Super phosphate		
	('000 m <sup>3</sup> )	('000 tonnes)	('000 tonnes)		('000 tonnes)	('000 tonnes)	(million kW.h)	('000 megajoules)
1990-91	269.6	201.9	205.5	108.0	318.7	72.4	9 110	68 158
1991-92	245.6	202.8	206.0	110.0	359.1	75.9	8 967	63 377
1992-93	254.4	228.4	212.0	109.4	355.5	74.6	8 864	61 432
1991 — March	23.4	16.8	19.4	110.3	32.1	8.8	722	4 887
1993 — March	27.0	17.4	15.4	103.7	31.0	9.9	704	4 320
1994 — January	19.1	15.7	16.9	112.8	24.8	7.8	n.p.	3 108
February	24.1	16.6	12.3	94.3	27.3	8.1	n.p.	3 079
March	n.y.a.	19.0	14.4	101.2	27.9	8.0	n.p.	3 871

(a) Source: Australian Dairy Corporation. (b) Changing productivity per staff-hour makes these indicators unsatisfactory for long-term comparisons. (c) For sale as such; excludes production for use within the same enterprise. (d) Output from selected establishments covering the smelting and refining of ferro-alloys, zinc and aluminium. The weighting pattern is based on the establishments' value added as derived from the 1979-80 Manufacturing Census. For multi-product establishments, value added was apportioned to products on the basis of gross receipts from each product. (e) Includes the whole milk equivalent of farm cream intake. (f) Includes butter equivalent of butter oil. (g) Includes spinning, weaving and carpetmaking. Reported by establishments which manufacture textiles only, or manufacture clothing and textiles in the one plant. (h) Production low due to annual close-down.

Table 20. Livestock slaughtering, Tasmania: numbers ('000)

Year or month	Cattle			Sheep	Lambs	Pigs
	Bulls, bullocks and steers	Cows and heifers	Calves			
1990-91	111.9	79.4	30.6	448.3	555.9	79.9
1991-92	104.7	93.6	32.3	446.7	489.8	84.8
1992-93	99.0	90.4	32.7	473.4	456.5	92.5
1991 —						
April	10.4	8.8	0.4	30.7	54.4	6.2
1993 —						
April	10.2	9.2	0.2	55.3	43.6	9.4
May	9.4	8.6	0.4	49.7	36.3	7.2
June	8.4	8.9	0.2	34.4	39.2	8.6
July p	8.9	7.6	1.1	34.7	33.2	8.9
August p	6.2	4.5	7.5	18.5	25.2	6.9
September p	6.0	5.1	10.8	30.9	27.7	8.1
October p	7.7	6.4	2.7	31.1	30.0	6.4
November p	7.7	7.3	0.3	39.7	32.0	7.9
December p	9.8	8.4	0.1	46.0	39.6	11.2
1994 —						
January p	8.7	6.1	0.1	50.1	34.1	6.6
February p	7.6	6.9	0.1	60.4	38.1	6.6
March p	11.4	8.1	0.1	68.6	49.0	8.2
April p	9.5	8.3	0.2	41.3	37.6	7.5

Table 21. Livestock slaughtering, Tasmania:  
seasonally adjusted and trend series

Month	Seasonally adjusted			Trend series		
	Cattle and calves	Sheep and lambs	Pigs	Cattle and calves	Sheep and lambs	Pigs
1991 —						
April	17 845	72 671	6 498	18 922	82 899	6 829
1993 —						
April	17 864	75 547	8 960	17 688	74 883	7 856
May	17 309	80 800	7 305	17 445	77 398	7 940
June	16 892	79 278	7 867	17 358	80 451	7 944
July	18 000	82 697	8 543	17 521	83 237	7 850
August	16 846	76 050	7 286	17 865	84 817	7 748
September	19 298	99 372	8 355	18 219	84 413	7 725
October	18 541	84 927	6 443	18 424	82 784	7 810
November	16 861	73 652	8 017	18 388	80 500	7 942
December	21 006	77 950	8 711	18 107	78 122	8 030
1994 —						
January	16 899	69 764	8 653	17 703	76 188	8 052
February	15 688	76 627	7 679	17 279	74 894	7 970
March	17 716	85 883	7 512	16 879	73 730	7 813
April p	p 16 493	p 65 114	7 361	16 622	73 651	7 709

Table 22. Meat production, Tasmania

(tonnes)

Year or month	Meat (carcass weight)					Total
	Beef	Veal	Mutton	Lamb	Pigmeat (a)	
1990-91	42 310	776	8 456	9 117	4 795	65 453
1991-92	45 266	665	8 355	8 070	5 168	67 524
1992-93	44 925	692	8 949	7 456	5 749	67 770
1991 --						
April	4 235	10	574	912	372	6 103
1993 ---						
April	4 663	6	1 041	707	585	7 001
May	4 377	10	933	602	448	6 370
June	4 213	6	631	646	534	6 029
July	4 080	22	643	530	546	5 821
August	2 566	161	343	401	417	3 888
September	2 621	235	570	441	493	4 359
October	3 520	60	577	479	384	5 020
November	3 780	6	759	506	480	5 531
December	4 555	2	874	635	686	6 752
1994 ---						
January	3 966	1	959	550	414	5 891
February	3 784	1	1 208	586	411	5 990
March	5 117	3	1 317	804	514	7 754
April	4 537	5	784	616	477	6 419

Table 23. Principal mineral concentrates produced, Tasmania

(Source: Tasmanian Development and Resources)

('000 tonnes)

Year or quarter	Concentrate							
	Copper	Iron (pellets)	Iron pyrite	Lead	Lead-copper	Lead-zinc	Tin	Zinc
1990-91	84.3	1 488.7	58.7	74.5	13.1	66.5	10.6	294.0
1991-92	97.4	1 451.6	80.2	86.2	5.5	84.9	10.7	335.0
1992-93	107.6	1 458.9	94.5	90.7	1.2	69.5	r 12.1	454.3
1990 --								
June	15.9	598.7	16.8	11.9	8.5	7.6	4.4	62.9
1991 --								
December	25.8	399.8	17.9	18.8	1.3	22.7	2.5	78.3
1992 --								
March	21.4	294.8	20.6	23.4	0.8	24.4	2.3	93.8
June	22.7	388.3	20.9	18.8	1.9	15.0	3.0	71.5
September	25.1	385.8	20.4	27.5	1.2	18.2	r 3.5	126.0
December	26.5	386.5	24.3	18.3	0.0	11.4	r 2.9	117.3
1993 --								
March	26.4	305.0	23.4	22.5	0.0	17.9	r 2.3	128.0
June	29.7	381.6	26.4	22.4	0.0	22.0	r 3.4	83.0

Table 24. Sawmills and plywood mills: Logs delivered and timber produced, Tasmania ('000 m<sup>3</sup>)

		Tasmanian-grown logs delivered				Sawn, peeled and sliced timber produced (a)					
		Hardwoods		Softwoods		Hardwoods		Softwoods			
Year or quarter		Other hardwoods		Plantation	Natives	Total	Other hardwoods		Plantation	Natives	Total
	Eucalypts	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)		Eucalypts	(b)	(c)	(d)	
1990-91		469.4	25.8	268.2	1.6	765.0	172.2	11.1	113.3	0.7	297.3
1991-92		470.4	8.6	325.0	1.6	805.6	162.8	3.7	130.1	0.4	297.1
1992-93		554.5	13.0	312.8	2.8	883.2	188.9	2.9	131.6	0.7	324.1
1992 —	March	122.0	3.0	78.7	0.4	204.1	38.5	1.2	30.3	0.1	70.2
	June	132.0	1.9	83.5	0.2	217.7	44.2	0.6	33.0	0.1	78.0
	September	129.2	2.9	90.6	1.9	224.7	48.7	0.7	38.2	0.3	88.0
	December	133.1	2.1	81.0	0.2	216.5	46.9	0.7	33.7	0.2	81.5
1993 —	March	125.9	3.9	72.9	0.3	203.0	41.4	0.7	30.6	0.1	72.7
	June	166.3	4.1	68.3	0.3	239.0	52.0	0.8	29.0	0.1	81.9
	September	158.9	2.0	75.6	0.4	236.9	53.5	0.7	33.8	0.1	88.1
	December	129.8	3.8	70.3	0.3	204.2	49.5	0.7	35.1	0.1	85.5
1994 —	March	137.2	5.0	77.3	0.4	219.8	45.7	0.6	38.1	0.1	84.5

(a) Includes plywood, veneer and sliced timber production converted to an equivalent cubic measurement. (b) Includes blackwood, myrtle, sassafras etc.

(c) Radiata pine. (d) Includes Huon pine, celery top pine and King William pine.

Table 25. Chipping and grinding of wood (a), Tasmania

Year or quarter	Materials used ('000 m <sup>3</sup> ) (c)				Chipped and ground wood production ('000 tonnes green weight)
	Producing locations (no.) (b)	Logs delivered (d)	Sawmill offcuts		
1990-91	36	3 516.2	265.0		3 559.1
1991-92	33	3 173.1	283.8		3 356.0
1992-93	31	3 350.6	295.8		3 565.8
1992 —					
March	35	823.4	65.0		856.8
June	33	647.7	74.5		682.7
September	32	886.9	82.6		957.9
December	32	756.0	75.1		820.6
1993 —					
March	31	805.0	62.2		826.7
June	30	902.7	76.0		960.6
September	31	970.4	88.3		1 027.9
December	31	818.5	96.9		885.8
1994 —					
March	31	818.3	71.3		868.3

(a) Both hardwoods and softwoods, separate details are not available. (b) Capable of producing at end of year or actually producing during quarter.

(c) Data reported by weight, converted to cubic measure by the factor 0.95 m<sup>3</sup> per tonne. (d) Includes log equivalent of limbwood and billets.Table 26. Logs delivered for milling or chipping, Tasmania ('000 m<sup>3</sup>)

Year or quarter	Sawmilling and plywood milling			Chipping and grinding (a)			Total		
	Crown land (b)	Private land	Total	Crown land (b)	Private land	Total	Crown land (b)	Private land	Total
1990-91	572.2	192.8	765.0	2 073.4	1 442.8	3 516.2	2 645.6	1 635.6	4 281.2
1991-92	608.5	197.1	805.6	1 757.2	1 415.9	3 173.1	2 365.7	1 613.0	3 978.7
1992-93	698.9	184.3	883.2	1 753.4	1 597.2	3 350.6	2 452.3	1 781.5	4 233.7
1992 —									
March	146.0	58.1	204.1	457.4	366.0	823.4	603.4	424.1	1 027.5
June	167.1	50.6	217.7	379.9	267.8	647.7	547.0	318.4	865.4
September	183.2	41.4	224.7	434.9	452.0	886.9	618.2	493.4	1 111.6
December	173.2	43.3	216.5	408.0	348.0	756.0	581.2	391.2	972.5
1993 —									
March	150.6	52.4	203.0	437.1	367.9	805.0	587.8	420.3	1 008.0
June	191.8	47.2	239.0	473.3	429.4	902.7	665.1	476.6	1 141.7
September	180.3	56.5	236.9	488.1	482.2	970.4	668.5	538.7	1 207.2
December	160.6	43.6	204.2	417.5	401.0	818.5	578.1	444.6	1 022.8
1994 —									
March	169.7	50.1	219.8	393.7	424.6	818.3	563.4	474.7	1 038.1

(a) Logs used are generally below sawmilling standard; includes log equivalent of limbwood and billets. (b) Comprises all areas (including concession areas) from which royalties are payable to the Forestry Commission.



Table 27. Building approvals, Tasmania

Year or month	New residential building		Total no. of dwelling units	Value of total dwelling units (\$'000)	Value of alter- ations and additions (a) to residential building (\$'000)	Value of non-residential building (b)		Total value of building (\$'000)
	No. of houses	No. of other residential buildings (c)				Private (\$'000)	Total (\$'000)	
1990-91	2 555	928	3 483	242 276	28 565	102 950	135 837	406 678
1991-92	2 869	1 034	3 903	260 296	32 637	68 980	105 941	398 873
1992-93	2 956	1 138	4 094	275 262	33 050	62 416	103 107	411 419
1991— March	205	70	275	18 737	2 366	3 766	6 778	27 850
1993 — March	277	114	391	26 562	2 809	4 638	9 588	38 959
1993 — December	276	95	371	26 743	3 521	4 461	10 385	40 649
1994 — January	233	111	344	25 992	3 095	10 492	11 816	40 902
February	257	87	344	23 803	2 722	3 687	6 173	32 699
March	266	64	330	25 488	4 094	3 135	6 737	36 319

(a) Valued at \$10 000 and over. (b) Comprises non-residential building (new plus alterations and additions) valued at \$30 000 and over from July 1988, and valued at \$50 000 and over from July 1990. Previous figures are for values of \$10 000 and over. (c) New individual dwelling units (e.g. flats, home units and villa units).

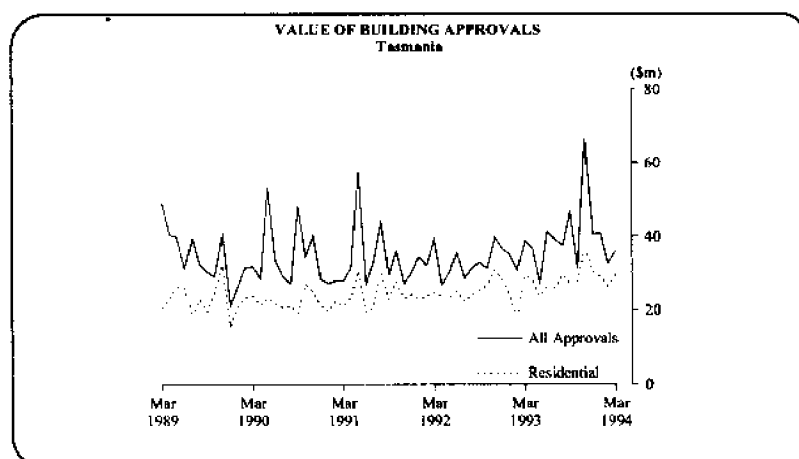


Table 28. Dwelling commencements, Tasmania

Year or month	New residential building						No. of other residential buildings (a)	Total no. of dwell- ing units
	No. of houses							
	Double brick	Brick veneer	Fibre cement	Timber	Other and not stated	Total houses		
1990-91	154	1 709	75	402	85	2 425	858	3 283
1991-92	238	1 866	67	500	78	2 749	1 024	3 773
1992-93	277	1 933	103	447	65	2 825	1 129	3 954
1991 — February	11	128	9	31	9	188	56	244
1993 — February	27	134	7	36	4	208	50	258
1993 — November	24	177	10	39	7	257	87	344
December	15	175	7	46	16	259	52	311
1994 — January	15	175	4	35	4	233	75	308
February	23	164	3	39	6	235	111	346

(a) New individual dwelling units (e.g. flats, home units and villa units).

Table 29. Banking statistics, Tasmania (a) (b)

(\$m)

Month	Deposits				Statement savings accounts
	Current bearing interest	Current – not bearing interest	Fixed	Investment savings accounts	
1993 —					
July	440	279	1 145	668	195
August	454	284	1 178	675	198
September	460	301	1 193	683	199
October	465	314	1 206	(d) 599	201
November	476	311	1 210	602	200
December	533	308	1 223	603	200
1994 —					
January	526	301	1 213	605	198
February	516	292	1 231	605	196
March	520	309	1 204	600	193

Table 29. Banking statistics, Tasmania (a) (b) — continued

(\$m)

Month	Deposits — continued			Loans (c)
	Passbook/School savings accounts	Other	Total	
1993 —				
July	186	160	3 073	3 386
August	188	161	3 137	3 433
September	188	162	3 187	3 472
October	(d) 273	162	3 220	3 519
November	271	162	3 233	3 560
December	266	162	3 294	3 596
1994				
January	263	159	3 265	3 585
February	261	160	3 261	3 629
March	256	162	3 244	3 646

(a) Due to changes to the *Banking Act 1959* in December 1989, which removed the distinction between trading and savings banks, figures previously published in this table are no longer comparable with those shown above. (b) Details are the averages of weekly figures for each month. The figures are derived from returns submitted by banks authorised under the *Banking Act* together with similar returns voluntarily submitted by the State banks; they exclude the Reserve Bank. (c) Excludes non-resident loans. (d) Affected by reclassification of certain accounts.

Table 30. Private new capital expenditure by type of asset, Tasmania (a) (\$m)

Year or quarter	New buildings and structures	Equipment, plant, and machinery	Total
1988–89	182	592	774
1989–90	88	487	575
1990–91	180	416	596
1991–92	79	359	438
1992–93	103	340	443
1992 —			
September	16	71	88
December	17	122	139
1993 —			
March	35	58	93
June	35	88	123
September	17	76	94
December	14	71	85

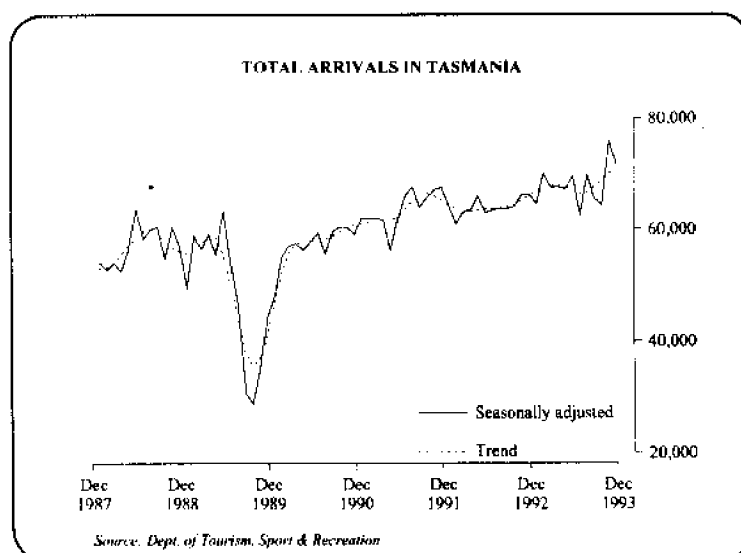
(a) Estimates based on a sample survey and therefore subject to sampling variability. Covers selected industries only – mining, manufacturing, finance, property and other selected industries.

Table 31. Passenger arrivals and departures, Tasmania (a)

(Source: Department of Tourism, Sport &amp; Recreation)

Period	Arrivals				Total departures (b)	Cruise ships	
	By air		By sea	Total		Arrivals	Departures
	Interstate	International					
1990	555 631	8 629	120 004	684 264	679 833	3 255	3 255
1991	625 366	5 897	131 375	762 638	764 731	6 720	6 663
1992	652 092	4 428	114 969	771 489	761 109	4 608	4 608
1993	694 244	5 144	115 381	814 769	814 835	2 033	2 033
1992 —							
December	65 339	385	16 538	82 262	66 297		—
1993 —							
October	57 362	434	7 965	65 761	65 042		—
November	59 592	393	8 561	68 546	66 733		—
December	74 056	391	15 348	89 795	72 362	—	—

(a) The following persons are not included in these statistics: passengers under three years of age accompanied by an adult; passengers travelling on chartered flights with minor carriers; passengers travelling on private or VIP flights; and passengers from or departing for overseas other than direct flights to New Zealand. (b) The proportion of departing passengers who were visitors was shown to be about 58 per cent in the 1981 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, 55 per cent in the 1984 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, about 53 per cent in the 1986 Tasmanian Visitor Survey and almost 65 per cent in the 1990 Tasmanian Visitor Survey and about 57 per cent in the 1992 Tasmanian Visitor Survey.

Table 32. Total passenger arrivals  
by air and sea into Tasmania

Period	Original	Seasonally	Trend
		adjusted (a) (b)	
1992 —			
December	82 262	66 428	66 156
1993 —			
October	65 761	64 403	68 783
November	68 546	75 792	70 087
December	89 795	71 645	71 332

(a) Prior adjustments for the changing dates of Easter have been made.  
 (b) There is an annual recalculation of seasonal adjustment factors to include the most recent year's arrivals. This occurs at the end of each financial year and may cause revisions to previously published seasonally adjusted and trend figures. A full time series of seasonally adjusted and trend series from January 1971 is available on request telephone (002) 20 5870.

**Table 33. Accommodation statistics, Tasmania**

HOTELS, MOTELS, ETC. WITH FACILITIES							
Period		Number of establishments	Guest rooms	Room nights		Room occupancy rate	Takings from accommodation
				Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimates		
December quarter —	1991	172	5 172			(%)	(\$'000)
	1992	175	5 133		n.a.	51.4	17 356
	1993	179	5 342			50.6	17 053
						54.0	18 661
1991 —	October	n.a.	n.a.	79 331	77 295	54.2	6 049
	November	n.a.	n.a.	75 612	76 763	54.3	5 975
	December	172	5 172	77 516	75 892	45.9	5 333
1992 —	October	n.a.	n.a.	74 292	75 821	49.5	5 545
	November	n.a.	n.a.	73 172	77 196	53.8	5 785
	December	175	5 133	80 779	78 699	48.7	5 723
1993 —	October	n.a.	n.a.	83 635	82 441	54.2	6 321
	November	n.a.	n.a.	83 071	83 823	58.3	6 484
	December	179	5 342	86 932	85 285	49.7	5 856
HOLIDAY UNITS							
Period		Number of establishments	Number of units	Unit nights		Unit occupancy rate	Takings from accommodation
				Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimates		
December quarter —	1991	45	729			(%)	(\$'000)
	1992	44	725		n.a.	52.4	2 301
	1993	50	771			55.1	2 312
						53.5	2 450
1991 —	October	n.a.	n.a.	12 197	11 956	55.8	816
	November	n.a.	n.a.	11 299	11 509	52.7	721
	December	45	729	11 663	11 339	48.8	765
1992 —	October	n.a.	n.a.	11 513	11 771	54.2	736
	November	n.a.	n.a.	12 013	11 995	57.5	764
	December	44	725	12 421	12 106	53.8	812
1993 —	October	n.a.	n.a.	12 734	12 378	56.6	849
	November	n.a.	n.a.	11 783	12 412	53.1	782
	December	50	771	12 460	12 463	50.8	819
CARAVAN PARKS							
Period		Number of establishments	Number of sites and cabins (a)	Site occupancy rate (b)		Takings from accommodation	
December quarter —	1991	68	6 291		(%)	(\$'000)	
	1992	67	6 436		18.7	1 556	
	1993	68	6 425		28.4	1 446	
					30.1	1 589	
1991 —	October	n.a.	n.a.		15.2	445	
	November	n.a.	n.a.		17.6	488	
	December	68	6 291		23.2	624	
1992 —	October	n.a.	n.a.		25.8	393	
	November	n.a.	n.a.		26.9	442	
	December	67	6 436		32.4	611	
1993 —	October	n.a.	n.a.		28.0	444	
	November	n.a.	n.a.		28.7	484	
	December	68	6 425		33.4	661	

(a) At end of quarter. (b) Break in series from July quarter 1992.

Table 34. Registrations of new motor vehicles (a), Tasmania

<i>Year or month</i>	<i>Passenger vehicles</i>	<i>Other vehicles (b)</i>	<i>Motor cycles</i>	<i>Total</i>
1991	9 572	2 395	394	12 361
1992	9 881	2 555	371	12 807
1993	10 019	2 478	440	12 937
1992 — April	581	189	34	804
1993 — May	757	232	27	1 016
June	780	298	24	1 102
July	827	165	28	1 020
August	1 089	211	25	1 325
September	798	187	31	1 016
October	883	182	29	1 094
November	1 027	206	43	1 276
December	1 128	205	86	1 419
1994 — January	623	143	25	791
February	734	195	38	967
March	729	238	32	999
April	591	215	30	836

(a) Includes State and Commonwealth Government-owned motor vehicles other than those belonging to the defence services. Excludes tractors, plant and equipment, caravans and trailers. (b) Comprises utilities, panel vans, rigid and articulated trucks and other truck-type vehicles (i.e. motor vehicles designed for purposes other than freight carrying, e.g. campervans, tow trucks, ambulances and hearses) and buses.

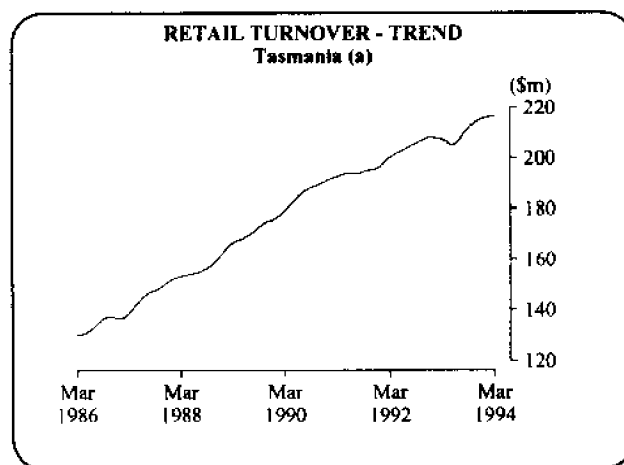
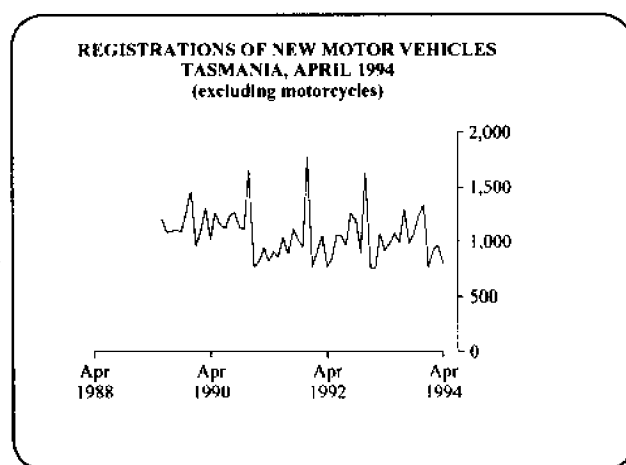


Table 35. Turnover of retail establishments at current prices, Tasmania

<i>Period</i>	<i>Trend estimates (a)</i>		
	<i>Original (\$m)</i>	<i>(\$m)</i>	<i>Percentage change from corresponding month of previous year</i>
1992 — March	192.0	201.3	4.0
1993 — March	198.7	206.8	2.7
1993 — May	198.1	205.1	1.0
June	197.5	205.6	0.6
July	202.0	207.2	0.9
August	190.5	209.6	1.8
September	204.8	211.7	2.5
October	212.3	213.5	2.9
November	222.3	214.8	3.2
December	287.2	215.5	3.5
1994 — January	206.3	216.0	3.9
February	197.6	216.5	4.3
March	217.7	216.5	4.7

## Major Statistical Indicators

Table 36. Major statistical indicators — Australia and State comparisons

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic.</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>Tas.</i>	<i>Australia (a)</i>
<b>Population</b>							
Estimated resident population, September 1993 ('000)	6 024.3	4 463.7	3 134.2	1 463.9	1 683.6	<b>472.2</b>	17 712.7
Proportion of Australian population, September 1993 (%)	34.0	25.2	17.7	8.3	9.5	<b>2.7</b>	100.0
Population growth rate, 12 months to September 1993 (%)	0.9	0.3	2.8	0.5	1.3	<b>0.4</b>	1.1
<b>Labour Force</b>							
Employment growth, 12 months to April 1994 (trend series) (%)							
Males	2.8	1.4	3.4	- 0.1	3.5	<b>2.2</b>	2.3
Females	4.7	1.7	4.1	0.4	4.2	<b>2.1</b>	3.2
Persons	3.6	1.5	3.7	0.1	3.0	<b>2.2</b>	2.7
Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted), April 1994 (%)	10.0	11.2	9.6	10.2	8.1	<b>11.7</b>	10.2
Unemployment growth, 12 months to April 1994 (trend series) (%)	- 6.1	- 2.4	- 3.3	- 4.1	9.3	<b>- 4.4</b>	4.6
Participation rate (seasonally adjusted), April 1994 (%)	61.6	62.9	63.3	60.7	65.5	<b>59.6</b>	62.6
Average weekly overtime worked per employee, February 1994 (hours)	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.4	<b>1.0</b>	1.2
Job vacancy rate, February 1994 (%)	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.9	<b>0.6</b>	0.8
Working days lost through industrial disputes, 12 months to February 1994 (days per '000 employees)	98	165	131	49	55	<b>29</b>	110
<b>Wages and Prices</b>							
Average weekly total earnings, full-time adult employees (original series), February 1994 (\$)							
Males	722.3	685.9	666.3	665.3	708.5	<b>671.6</b>	698.3
Females	579.7	555.8	526.3	558.8	534.9	<b>534.7</b>	560.1
Persons	671.4	638.2	617.7	631.5	644.4	<b>626.0</b>	648.9
Average weekly total earnings, full-time adult employees, growth rate, 12 months to February 1994 (%)	4.6	1.6	4.6	2.8	1.0	<b>4.4</b>	3.3
Consumer price index, all groups, annual growth to March quarter 1994 (%)	0.8	1.6	1.6	1.8	2.1	<b>2.6</b>	1.4
<b>Building</b>							
Percentage change in the number of new residential dwelling units approved in twelve months ended March 1994, over the same period previous year	- 2.2	5.2	15.9	- 3.0	14.4	<b>3.2</b>	6.6
<b>Finance and Retail Trade</b>							
Percentage change in private new capital expenditure, twelve months ended December 1993, over the same period previous year	- 9.7	22.0	- 6.6	- 7.9	30.2	<b>- 13.4</b>	5.0
Percentage change in trend estimates turnover of retail establishments, March 1994 (change from corresponding month of the previous year)	6.2	4.2	6.0	8.1	12.1	<b>4.7</b>	6.4
<b>Transport</b>							
Percentage change in number of new motor vehicles (excluding motorcycles) registered twelve months ended April 1994, over the same period previous year	0.7	5.9	7.3	0.2	7.9	<b>- 0.1</b>	4.1
<b>Agriculture</b>							
Percentage change in the number of livestock slaughtered twelve months ended April 1994 over the same period previous year							
Cattle and calves	- 0.1	- 6.2	0.5	0.2	- 5.0	<b>- 6.9</b>	- 2.4
Sheep and lambs	4.6	- 2.8	- 20.5	15.2	- 3.0	<b>2.0</b>	0.9
<b>Tourism</b>							
Room occupancy rates for hotels, motels etc. with facilities, December quarter 1993 (%)	55.1	47.6	62.6	50.3	57.4	<b>54.0</b>	55.5
<b>Australian and State National Accounts</b>							
Percentage change in GSP (GDP) Trend Series							
September qtr 1993 to Dec qtr 1993	1.3	0.7	1.3	1.0	1.4	<b>0.6</b>	1.3
Dec qtr 1992 to Dec qtr 1993	5.2	4.6	5.6	6.7	9.6	<b>3.2</b>	5.9

(a) Australian totals include the ACT and NT.



### *For more information . . .*

The ABS publishes a wide range of statistics and other information on Australia's economic and social conditions. Details of what is available in various publications and other products can be found in the ABS *Catalogue of Publications and Products* available at all ABS Offices (see below for contact details).

#### **Information Consultancy Service**

Information tailored to special needs of clients can be obtained from the Information Consultancy Service at ABS Offices (see Information Inquiries below for contact details).

#### **National Dial-a-Statistic Line**

0055 26 400

This number gives you 24-hour access, 365 days a year, for a range of statistics.

#### **Electronic Data Services**

A wide range of ABS data is available on electronic media. Selections of most-frequently requested statistics are available, updated daily, on DISCOVERY (Key \*656#). The ABS PC TELESTATS service delivers major economic indicator main features ready to download into personal computers on the day of release. The PC AUSSTATS service enables on-line access to a data base of thousands of up-to-date time series. Selected datasets are available also on diskette or CD-ROM. For more details on electronic data services available, contact Information Services in any of the ABS Offices (see Information Inquiries below for contact details).

#### **Bookshops and Subscriptions**

There are over 500 titles of various publications available from ABS bookshops in all ABS Offices (see below Bookshop Sales for contact details). The ABS also provides a subscription service through which nominated publications are provided by mail on a regular basis at no additional cost (telephone Publications Subscription Service toll free on 008 02 0608 Australia wide).

### *Sales and Inquiries*

<b>Regional Offices</b>		<b>Information Inquiries</b>	<b>Bookshop Sales</b>
SYDNEY	(02)	268 4611	268 4620
MELBOURNE	(03)	615 7000	615 7829
BRISBANE	(07)	222 6351	222 6350
PERTH	(09)	323 5140	323 5307
ADELAIDE	(08)	237 7100	237 7582
HOBART	(002)	205 800	205 800
CANBERRA	(06)	207 0315	207 0315
DARWIN	(089)	432 111	432 111
<b>National Office</b>			
ACT	(06)	252 6007	008 020 608

Information Services, ABS, PO Box 10, Belconnen ACT 2616



© Commonwealth of Australia 1994

**Recommended retail price: \$10.00**



**2130360006942**  
ISSN 1034-1803